# Home Learning Term 4

Complete one task each week and post on Google Classroom or complete at home and bring it in to share with us.

## English/SPaG

Homophones – play the online games attached or make a matching card game with homophones.

#### HOMOPHONES



Homophone game - Teaching resources

#### Science

Can you go on a spring hunt around your local area? What plants and signs of spring can you see? Complete the learning attached or create your own learning of what you find.



#### Music

This term we are thinking about Concerts. What is a concert? Have you ever been to one? Can you watch a concert on the TV or online? Whose concert, was it? Did you like listening to the music? What did you like/dislike about it?



## Reading

Read and complete the comprehension attached You can just write the answers down if you can't print off.

Then listen to the online story.

Can you create your own comprehension questions about the story?

<u>Children's Book Read Aloud Video</u>
- The Big Concert



### Maths

Revise your times tables by playing online games, the board game attached or make your own going for gold card game at home.



#### Art

This term we are thinking about portriats. Can you draw a self portrait?

Watch the video to help you. <u>How to Draw... a Self-Portrait (for Young Kids)</u>



#### French

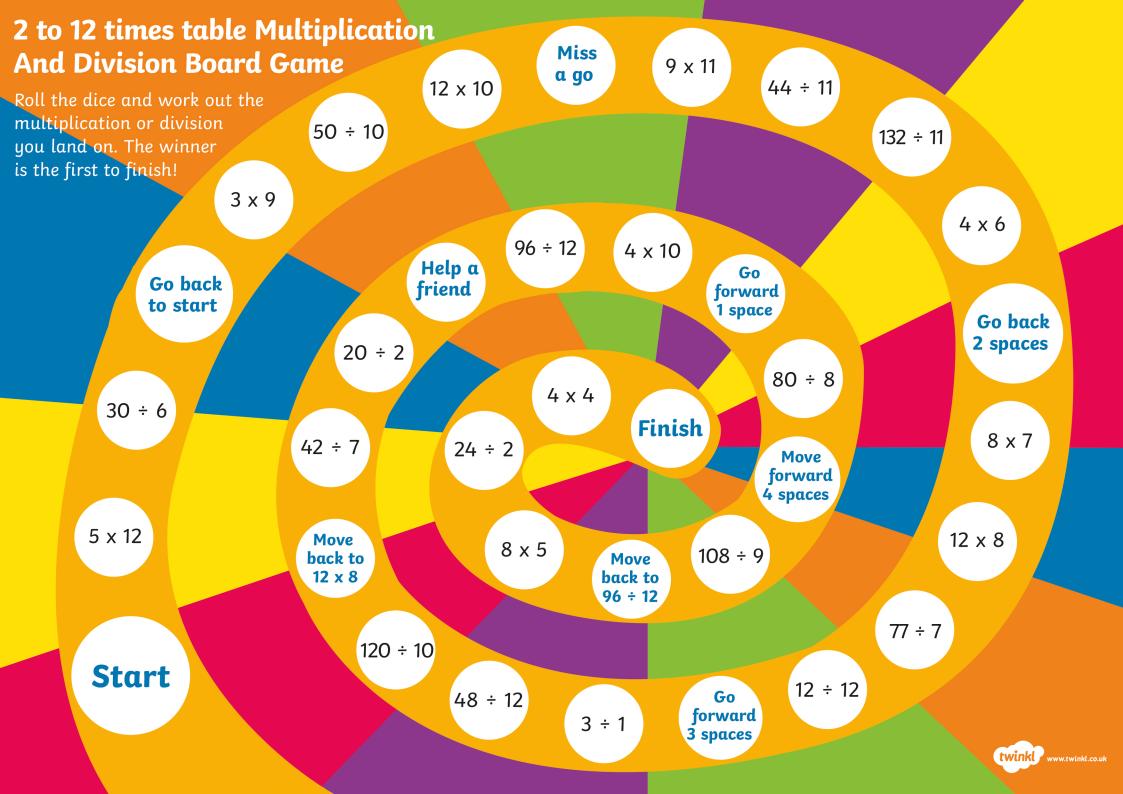
What can you find out about French foods? Can you make a list of your favourite foods in French and draw a picture of them?



## Mindfulness

Have some time reading either by yourself or with your family.
What unusual places can you find to read in? Bring in or send us a photo!









Primrose See it: December-May



Snowdrop See it: January-March



Lesser celandine See it: March-May



Wood anemone See it: March- May



Bluebell See it: April-May



Cow parsley See it: May-June



Yellow archangel See it: May-June



Common dog violet



Wood sorrel See it: April-May



Ramsons (wild garlic) See it: April-May



Cowslip See it: April-May



Cuckooflower See it: April-June



Wood forget-me-not See it: April-June

#### Look out for flowers in woodland, gardens and by the roadside.

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What will you discover this spring?



Clumps of frogspawn



Vivid green leaves



**Brightly** coloured flowers



Buzzing bumblebees



Frothy blossom



Ladybirds munching aphids



**Unfurling ferns** 



Squirrels dashing through the treetops



Singing birds



**Butterflies** basking in the sunshine



Spiders in their

webs

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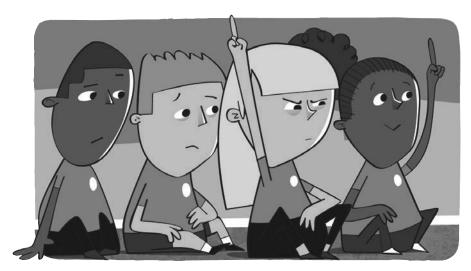




| Name: |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_

## The Recorder Concert



My name is Jessica but everyone calls me Jess. On the morning of the concert, Mrs Padley asked all the recorder players to pick someone to hold our music. I picked Emma Walsh to hold mine. I should have picked Joanne because she's my best friend, but I picked Emma because she had a look on her face that said 'pick me or else'. Emma is sort of one of the popular girls in school. She has long, shiny blonde hair like something out of a shampoo advert. Everyone wants to be her friend, but she's not really very nice.

Emma made me regret it straight away. "You'd better play well," she sneered. "Don't embarrass me."

|   | Why did Jess pick Emma Walsh? T   | ick <b>one</b> | box.                     |  |
|---|---|----------------|--------------------------|--|
|   | She was her best friend.  |                | She was scared of her.   |  |
|   | She had long, shiny blonde hair.  |                | She played the recorder. |  |
| 2 | Why do you think Jess says that E popular girls in school'? Give <b>one</b> |                |                          |  |





The concert wasn't until afternoon assembly, and I had butterflies about it all day. I hadn't really practised enough and had been planning to mime so it wouldn't matter if I got the notes wrong. The problem was that Emma was bound to notice, and I was sure that in her eyes it would count as an insult to her very important position as Holder of the Music.

When assembly finally came, I was nervous, but ready to march to my fate. Possibly everything would have been just fine if Mrs Padley hadn't sent me back to get my jumper. In the time it took me to run back to the classroom and pick up my jumper, everyone else was on the other side of the playground and going in to the hall.

I decided to take a short cut across the wild-flower garden. Maybe it was my anxiety about annoying Emma Walsh. Or maybe it was just the universe's way of getting me back for not picking Joanne. The only thing



I know for sure is that I tripped over a loose stone and tumbled into the pond in the wild-flower garden like a dolphin doing a trick. My musical debut was a washout. Literally.

Mrs Padley was kind. She found me spare clothes, and, from the back of the hall, I watched my comrades squeak their way through 'The Grand Old Duke of York'. And, actually, I felt a little bit relieved that I hadn't had to play after all.

Emma Walsh was crazily angry. Turns out she went up to the front before realising I wasn't there and had to stand there like a lemon for the whole concert. Joanne thought that was really funny, so she's forgiven me. On the other hand, I'm pretty sure Emma will never speak to me again. Though, on reflection, maybe that's not such a bad thing.

| 3 |  | _          | ne concert wasn't until afternoon            |        |          |
|---|--|------------|--|--------|----------|
|   | assembly. Why is had butte                 | ertues abo | out it' a good description? Tick <b>on</b> e | e box. |          |
|   | Butterflies are pretty.                    |            | Butterflies zoom around.                     |        |          |
|   | She liked butterflies.                     |            | Butterflies made her feel calm.              |        |          |
|   | She had a fluttery feeling in her stomach. |            | She felt as if she'd eaten a butterfly.      |        | $\gamma$ |

| assembly.                               |  | _            | ncert wasn't until aftern   |    |
|---|--|--------------|---|----|
| •                                       | arcastic and doe<br>job is as importo<br>ks it is. |              | Jess is being sincere<br>and thinks Emma's jo<br>is very important. | b  |
| Emma doesn't<br>ob is very imp          |  |              | Emma wishes she did have to hold the mus                            |    |
| Find a group o                          |  | l us that Je | assembly finally came<br>ss was nervous, but was                    |    |
| <b>In your own v</b><br>tripped into th |  | reasons Je   | ss gives to explain why s   | he |
|   |  |              |   |    |

| q  |  | beginning: <i>I decided to take a short cut</i><br>ebut' mean? Tick <b>one</b> box.         |  |
|----|--|---|--|
|    | Recorder   | Debate  |  |
|    | First performance  | Concert   |  |
| 10 |  | beginning: <i>Mrs Padley was kind.</i><br>that tells you that the recorder players were not |  |
| II | Read the paragraph be<br>What might Joanne say                         | ginning: <i>Emma Walsh was crazily angry.</i><br>to Jess? Tick <b>one</b> box.              |  |
|    | "I will never speak to you again."                                     | "I want to be Emma's best friend."  |  |
|    | "I thought it was really upsetting."                                   | "I thought it was hilarious."   |  |
| 12 | Look back over the who<br>of Jess?<br>Find <b>three</b> pieces of evid | le story. What have we learned about the character dence.                                   |  |
|    |  |   |  |
|    | For teacher use  |   |  |
|    | Your mark  | out of I5   |  |
|    | What went well   |   |  |
|    | How to improve   |   |  |
|    |  |   |  |



Grey A Test 2 Marking Guidance: The Recorder Concert

Recommended for: Year 4 Term I

| Ön. | Skill Area and Strand                               | Objective   | Answers   | Marks        | Possible Errors   | Advice   |
|-----|---|---|---|--------------|---|--|
| -   | Inference: Making<br>Inferences Grey A              | Draw inferences such as characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and with support can sometimes justify inferences with evidence.   | She was scared of her.  | -            | Some of the wrong answers may be based on wording in the paragraph; pupils may just see some linked text and assume that is the right answer.   | Re-read the paragraph carefully. Remember the answer may not use exactly the same words as in the text, but it will mean the same thing.   |
| N   | Inference: Making<br>Inferences Grey A              | Draw inferences such as Accept any of the characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and with support can her friend, but she sometimes justify inferences is not very nice to with evidence.  With evidence.  Jess isn't really sure / doesn't understand why Emma is popular.  Jess doesn't think Emma is very nice | Accept any of the following: People want to be her friend, but she is not very nice to them. Jess isn't really sure / doesn't understand why Emma is popular. Jess doesn't think Emma is very nice. | -            | Some pupils may not take on board that the author says 'sort of' and assume Emma Walsh's popularity is based on her attractiveness and her ability to make people do what she wants them to do. | Re-read the paragraph carefully and piece together the evidence about the character. Think about why some people might want to be friends with Emma Walsh, even if she's not very nice.  |
| ო   | Language for Effect:<br>Literary Language<br>Grey A | Discuss words and phrases from a page they have read and, with prompts if necessary, can explain how they capture the reader's interest and imagination.  | She had a fluttery<br>feeling in her<br>stomach.  | <del>-</del> | Pupils may not be familiar with the idiom: 'butterflies'.   | When reading, look out for expressions that are not true, but help to explain how someone feels or how something happens, e.g. I have butterflies in my stomach (means you are nervous). |

| 4  | Inference: Prediction<br>Grey A              | Predict what might happen in a story and, when directed to a relevant page, can find stated and clearly implied evidence to justify the prediction.  | Accept any two of the following: Jess had butterflies / was anxious. She hadn't practised enough. Jess's plan to mime wasn't going to work. She was afraid of insulting Emma | N | Pupils may not pick up<br>on all the clues in the<br>paragraph.         | Re-read the relevant text carefully, keeping the question in mind as you read.                                   |
|----|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| 22 | Inference: Making<br>Inferences Grey A       | Draw inferences such as characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and with support can sometimes justify inferences with evidence.  |  | - | Some children may not pick up on the fact that Jess is being sarcastic. | Re-read the text again. Do you think that Jess really thinks that holding the music is an important job?         |
| ဖ  | Literal<br>Comprehension:<br>Accuracy Grey A | Automatically track meaning of text during reading, self-correcting as part of the reading process (often without this being apparent to listener). With occasional support, make a good estimate of meaning of an unfamiliar word in context. | Ready to march to my fate  | - | Some pupils may not be familiar with the idiom 'march to my fate'.      | In Independent Reading note<br>any phrases with which you are<br>unfamiliar and ask or look up their<br>meaning. |

| ~ | Literal<br>Comprehension:<br>Accuracy Grey A        | Automatically track meaning of text during reading, self-correcting as part of the reading process (often without this being apparent to listener). With occasional support, make a good estimate of meaning of an unfamiliar word in context. | She was worried about upsetting Emma Walsh. It was fate / the world playing a trick on her because she had not done the right thing and picked Joanne / she had upset her best friend.  (Award 1 mark for each answer. Do not award a mark if the pupil has just copied the phrases from the text.) | N | Some pupils may find it difficult to paraphrase 'the universe's way of getting me back'. | Try to explain something from a story in your own words. You can use character's names and places but don't use the exact text from the story. |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| ω | Language for Effect:<br>Literary Language<br>Grey A | Discuss words and phrases from a page they have read and, with prompts if necessary, can explain how they capture the reader's interest and imagination.   | Tumbled into the pond in the wild-flower garden like a dolphin doing a trick (N.B. Pupils do not have to identify this as a simile to achieve the mark.)  | - | Pupils may not recognise the imagery / simile.   | Look out for times when the author helps you picture a scene by comparing it with something else.  |

| 9 Literal Automatically track meaning Comprehension: of text during reading.  Accuracy Grey A self-correcting as part of the reading process (often without his being apparent to listener). With occasional support, make a good estimate of meaning of an unfamiliar word in context.  10 Inference: Making Draw inferences such as Inferences Grey A characters' feelings, thoughts through and motives from their sometimes justify inferences with evidence.  11 Inference: Prediction Predict what might happen a story and, when directed hilarious."  12 Inference: Prediction Predict what might happen a stated and clearly implied evidence to justify the evidence to justify the  |
|--|
| Literal  Comprehension: of text during reading, Accuracy Grey A  self-correcting as part of the reading process (often without this being apparent to listener). With occasional support, make a good estimate of meaning of an unfamiliar word in context.  Inference: Making Draw inferences such as Inferences Grey A  and motives from their actions, and with support can sometimes justify inferences with evidence.  Inference: Prediction Predict what might happen Grey A  in a story and, when directed to a relevant page, can find stated and clearly implied evidence to justify the  |
| Literal  Comprehension: Accuracy Grey A Brithout this being apparent Apport, make a good Brithout this being apparent Apport, make a good Brithout this being apparent Actions, make a good Brithout this being apparent Actional Support, make a good Brithout this being apparent Actional Support, make a good Brithout this being apparent Actional Support, make a good Accuracy Grey A Acc |
| Literal  Comprehension: Accuracy Grey A Inference: Making Inference: Making Inference: Making And motives from their Actions, and with support can sometimes justify inferences With evidence.  Inference: Prediction Actions, and when directed to a relevant page, can find stated and clearly implied evidence to justify the   |
| Literal Comprehension: Accuracy Grey A Inference: Making Inferences Grey A Grey A Grey A   |
|  |
| 6 01 11  |
|  |

| Pupils may not be good When asked for evidence across at tracking back over a whole text, go carefully back or each paragraph to check for | relevant information.  |        |
|--|--|--------|
| Pupils may not be good at tracking back over   | collect evidence.  |        |
| N  |  | 15     |
| Accept any reasonable answers hased on the text  | for example: She is scared of Emma Walsh. She is lazy (didn't practise). She has good ideas (plans on miming). She is nervous before the performance. She is brave ('ready to march to her fate'). She is forgetful (forgets her jumper). She is clumsy (falls into the pond).  (Award 1 mark for any two correct answers, and 2 marks for all three correct.) | Total: |
| With support, identify main ideas drawn from more than   |  |        |
| Literal Comprehension:   |  |        |
| 12   |  |        |

# **Vocabulary**

V. 007 Word Knowledge

Homophone Go Fish



## Objective

The student will identify the meaning of homophones.



## Materials

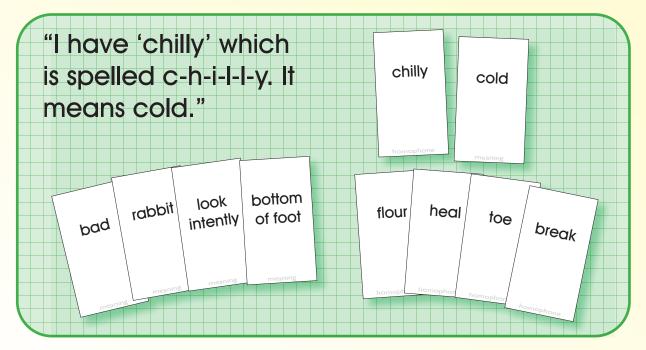
► Homophone and meaning cards



## Activity

## Students match homophones with their meanings by playing a card game.

- 1. Place the homophone and meaning cards face down in two different stacks. Student one selects the top five cards from the homophone stack. Student two selects the top five cards from the meaning stack.
- 2. Student one asks student two for a matching meaning card for one of his homophone cards. For example, "I have chilly, c-h-i-l-l-y, do you have a meaning card that matches?"
- 3. If yes, student two gives the meaning card to student one who reads both (i.e., chilly, cold). Places match down. Both students select the top card from their respective stacks. If no, student two takes a turn.
- 4. Student two asks student one for a homophone that matches one of her meaning cards. For example, "I'm looking for a word that means two of a kind. Do you have the matching homophone?"
- 5. Continue game until all cards are matched. Discuss homophones and regroup cards by pairs of homophones and their meanings (e.g., chilly, cold and chili, hot pepper).
- 6. Peer evaluation





## Extensions and Adaptations

- ▶ Make other homophone and meaning cards to play game.
- Match homophones in a memory game.

| bury          | berry     | chilly    |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| put in ground | homophone | homophone |
| ground        | meaning   | meaning   |

| chili         | foul      | fowl              |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------|
| homophone     | homophone | homophone         |
| hot<br>pepper | bad       | bird<br>(chicken) |
| meaning       | meaning   | meaning           |



| pail      | pale             | flour              |
|-----------|------------------|--------------------|
| homophone | homophone        | homophone          |
| bucket    | light<br>(white) | ground<br>up grain |
| meaning   | meaning          | meaning            |

| flower    | stair     | stare            |
|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| homophone | homophone | homophone        |
| blossom   | step      | look<br>intently |
| meaning   | meaning   | meaning<br>o_    |



| brake     | break                   | hair             |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|
| homophone | homophone               | homophone        |
| to stop   | smash<br>into<br>pieces | grows<br>on head |
| meaning   | meaning                 | meaning          |

<del>/</del>

| hare      | heal         | heel              |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| homophone | homophone    | homophone         |
| rabbit    | make<br>well | bottom<br>of foot |
| meaning   | meaning      | meaning           |



4-5 Student Center Activities: Vocabulary

| toe              | tow       |           |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| homophone        | homophone | homophone |
| digit<br>on foot | pull      |           |
| meaning          | meaning   | meaning   |

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| homophone | homophone | homophone |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| I         |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
|           |           |           |
| meaning   | meaning   | meaning   |

