

Year



Term 4: Art

Works of Henry



material something used to make things.

sculptor someone who creates sculptures by shaping or carving things out of materials like clay, wood, metal, or stone.

sculptures a piece of art made by shaping or carving materials.

3D art form a type of art that you can touch and see from all sides

Henry Moore a famous artist from England who made big, beautiful sculptures, mostly out of stone or metal.

Links to previous learning:

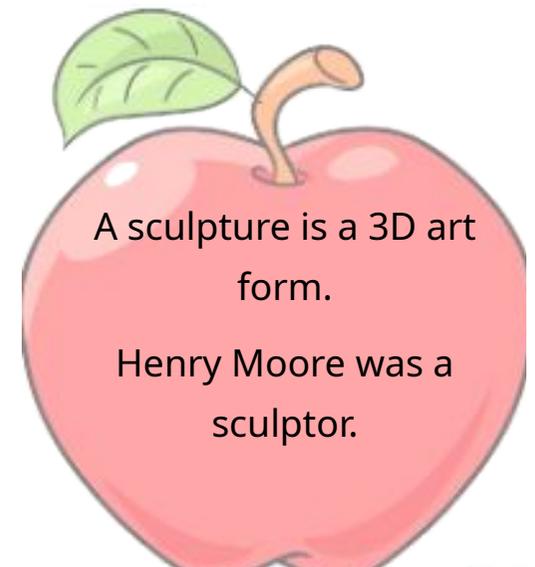
EYFS - Comparing artists

(Archimboldo et al)

Year 1 — Yayoi Kusa and

Andy Goldsworthy

Year 2 - Pablo Picasso



A sculpture is a 3D art form.

Henry Moore was a sculptor.

Year

Term 4: Computing

Robot algorithms



Beebot a robot used for coding.

prediction making an educated guess about what might happen in the future.

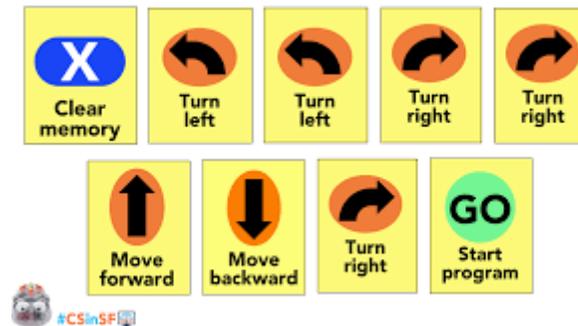
route a path that you set for your Beebot

algorithm set of rules.

outcome the result of making simple instructions

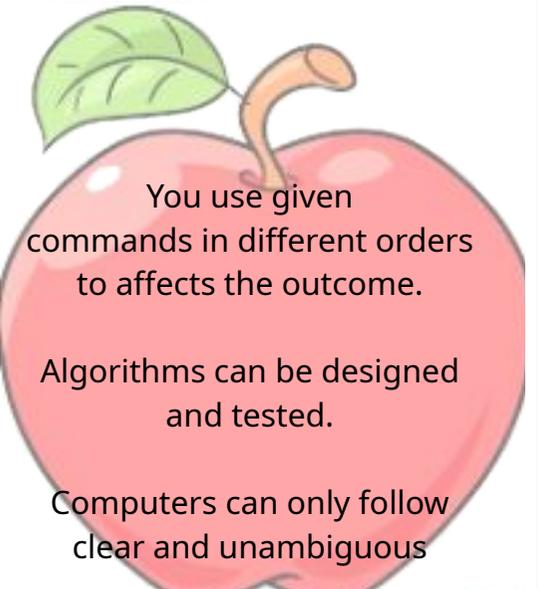
decomposition to break a task into chunks and create algorithms for each chunk.

debug find and fix an error.



Links to previous learning:

EYFS: Following instructions
Year 1: Moving a robot



You use given commands in different orders to affects the outcome.

Algorithms can be designed and tested.

Computers can only follow clear and unambiguous

Year

Term 4: DT

Food - Cous-Cous



grating to cut food into very small pieces by rubbing it against a special tool called a grater.

peeling removing the outer covering or skin from a fruit or vegetable.

sifting passing dry ingredients like flour through a mesh sieve to remove lumps.

snipping to cut food into small, short pieces using scissors.

nutritious a food that contains the right ingredients like vitamins and minerals, to help our bodies grow and stay healthy.



Links to previous learning:

EYFS - Food

Year 1 - Portable snacks



Couscous is a traditional North African dish of small, steamed granules of rolled semolina.

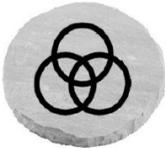
Couscous is a useful source of several vitamins and minerals.

Measuring, boiling, stirring, mixing, grating, snipping, sifting and peeling are cooking skills needed to make

Year



location



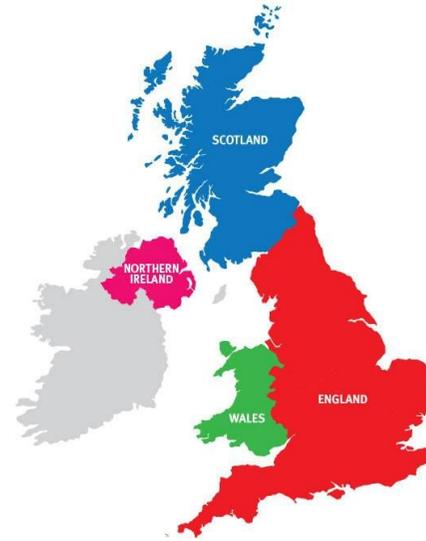
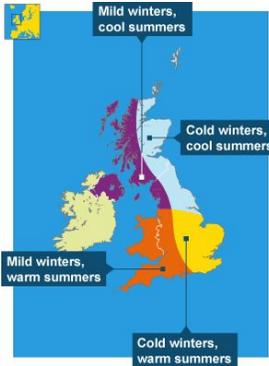
comparisons



human features

Term 4: Geography

The UK



The UK is the name of the four countries that make up the UK. They are England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

weather patterns when the weather stays the same for days or weeks at a time.

climate what the weather is usually like in a place over a long time.

plain large areas of land that are mostly flat.

glen a narrow valley deep in the mountains.

loch a word meaning lake in Scottish or Irish Gaelic

Links to previous learning:

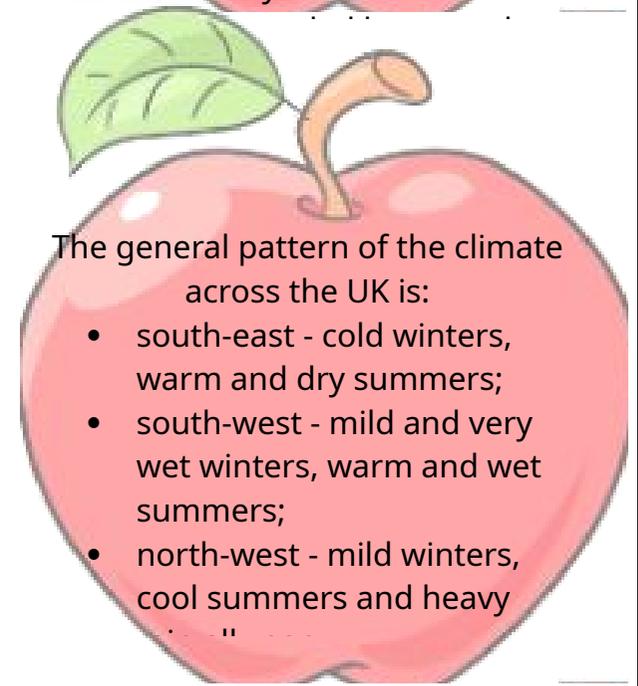
- EYFS - Similarities & differences Environments
- Year 1 - The UK
- Year 2 - Continents



England's physical features are mainly rolling hills and open plains.

Scotland's physical features are mainly coastlines, hills, glens, mountains, islands, rivers and lochs.

Ireland's physical features are mainly low central plain



The general pattern of the climate across the UK is:

- south-east - cold winters, warm and dry summers;
- south-west - mild and very wet winters, warm and wet summers;
- north-west - mild winters, cool summers and heavy rain

Year



Term 4: History

How do we know Queen Victoria had toys?



reign means to rule.

Queen Victoria was an English Queen.

collector someone who collects objects

Victorians are people who lived during Queen Victoria's reign.

era a period of time in history

Links to previous learning:

EYFS - Identify similarities and differences (then and now)

Year 1 - Toys

Toys from the Victorian Era included rocking horses, train sets, dolls houses and skipping ropes.

Toys in the Victorian times were made from natural materials. Now toys are also made from manmade materials.

Newspaper reports and diary entries show Queen Victoria's love of toys.

Queen Victoria was a collector of toys and had 130 wooden

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Term 4: RE

Salvation: Why does Easter



Religious Sources



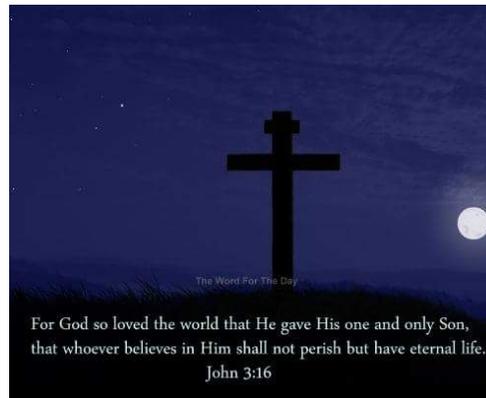
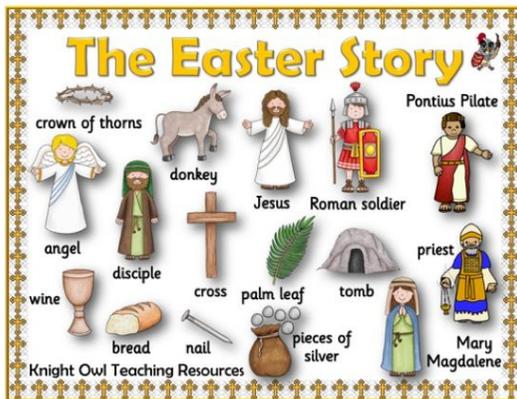
Community & Living



Thinking & Reality



God & Believing



Easter is a Christian festival.

crucified to be put to death by hanging on a cross.

salvation being saved by Jesus.

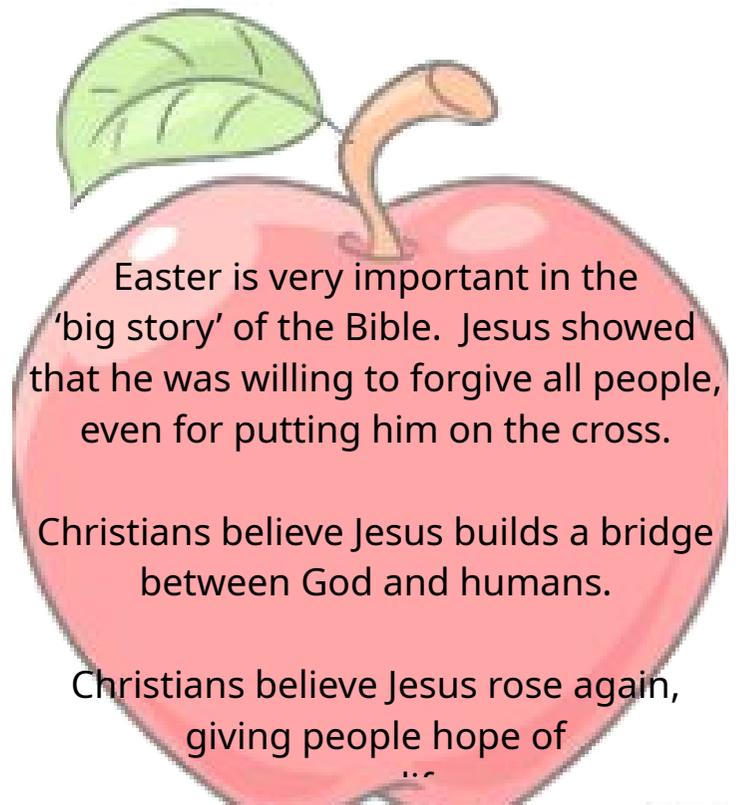
resurrection returning back to life after dying.

saviour a person who saves people from danger or destruction.

Links to previous learning:

EYFS - Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden?

Year 1 - Why does Easter matter to



Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross.

Christians believe Jesus builds a bridge between God and humans.

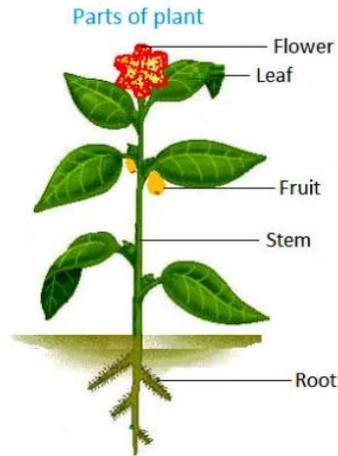
Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of

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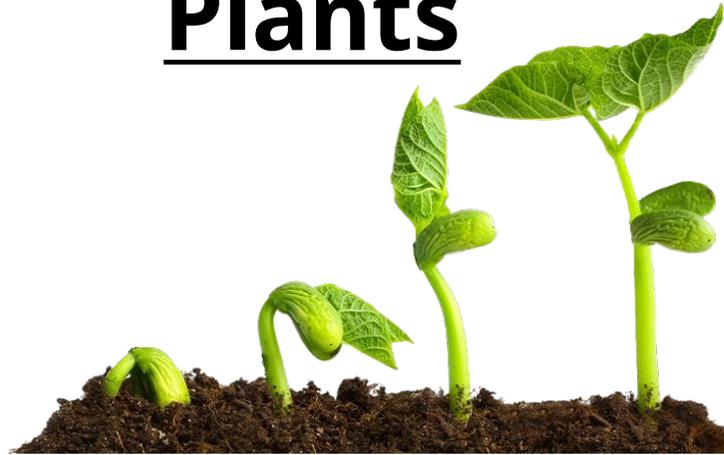
Term 4: Science



biology



Plants



grow is what all living things do in order to survive.

wild plants grow naturally.

garden plants planted by humans

characteristics a quality or trait that makes something different from others.

function what something does or what its job is.

condition the state or situation of something

oxygen the most common chemical element found on earth. One of the main elements that make up air and is necessary for the survival of all plants and animals.



Links to previous learning:

EYFS - Plants, living things and their habitats, animals including humans.

Year 1 - Plants

